

兔抗 ANG 多克隆抗体

- 中文名称: 兔抗 ANG 多克隆抗体
- 英文名称: Anti-ANG rabbit polyclonal antibody
- 别 名: ALS9; HEL168; RNASE4; RNASE5
- 相关类别: 一抗
- 抗 原: ANG
- 储 存: 冷冻 (-20℃)
- 宿 主: Rabbit
- 反应种属: Human
- 标记物: Unconjugate
- 克隆类型: rabbit polyclonal

技术规格

Background:	The protein encoded by this gene is an exceedingly potent mediator of new blood vessel formation. It h ydrolyzes cellular tRNAs resulting in decreased protei n synthesis and is similar to pancreatic ribonuclease. Alternative splicing results in two transcript variants encoding the same protein. This gene and the gene that encodes ribonuclease, RNase A family, 4 share promoters and 5' exons. Each gene splices to a uniq ue downstream exon that contains its complete codi ng region.
Applications:	ELISA, WB



Name of antibody:	ANG
Immunogen:	Fusion protein of human ANG
Full name:	angiogenin, ribonuclease, RNase A family, 5
Synonyms :	ALS9; HEL168; RNASE4; RNASE5
SwissProt:	P03950
ELISA Recommended dilution:	1000-2000
WB Predicted band size:	17 kDa
WB Positive control:	Human normal liver and fetal liver tissue
WB Recommended dilution:	200-1000

