

兔抗 ADD1(Ab-726) 多克隆抗体

中文名称：兔抗 ADD1(Ab-726) 多克隆抗体

英文名称： Anti-ADD1(Ab-726) rabbit polyclonal antibody

别名： ADDA

相关类别： 一抗

储存： 冷冻（-20℃） 避光

宿主： Rabbit

抗原： ADD1(Ab-726)

反应种属： Human Mouse Rat

标记物： Unconjugate

克隆类型： Unconjugate

技术规格

Background:	Adducins are a family of cytoskeleton proteins encoded by three genes (alpha, beta, gamma). Adducin is a heterodimeric protein that consists of related subunits, which are produced from distinct genes but share a similar structure. Alpha- and beta-adducin include a protease-resistant N-terminal region and a protease-sensitive, hydrophilic C-terminal region. Alpha- and gamma-adducins are ubiquitously expressed. In contrast, beta-adducin is expressed at high levels in brain and hematopoietic tissues.
Applications:	WB, IHC, IF

Name of antibody:	ADD1(Ab-726)
Immunogen:	Synthesized non-phosphopeptide derived from human ADD1 around the phosphorylation site of serine 726 (T-P-S(p)-F-L).
Full name:	adducin 1 (alpha)
Synonyms :	ADDA
SwissProt:	P35611
IHC positive control:	Human brain tissue
IHC Recommend dilution:	50-100
WB Predicted band size:	81 kDa
WB Positive control:	Hela cells treated with Forskolin (40nM, 30min) lysate
WB Recommended dilution:	500-3000
IF positive control:	Hela cells
IF Recommend dilution:	100-500



