

兔抗 ADD2 多克隆抗体

中文名称：兔抗 ADD2 多克隆抗体

英文名称：Anti-ADD2 rabbit polyclonal antibody

别名：ADDB

相关类别：一抗

储存：冷冻（-20℃）

抗原：ADD2

宿主：Rabbit

反应种属：Human

标记物：Unconjugate

克隆类型：rabbit polyclonal

技术规格

Background:

Adducins are heteromeric proteins composed of different subunits referred to as adducin alpha, beta and gamma. The three subunits are encoded by distinct genes and belong to a family of membrane skeletal proteins involved in the assembly of spectrin-actin network in erythrocytes and at sites of cell-cell contact in epithelial tissues. While adducins alpha and gamma are ubiquitously expressed, the expression of adducin beta is restricted to brain and hematopoietic tissues. Adducin, originally purified from human erythrocytes, was found to be a heterodimer of adducins alpha and

	<p>d beta. Polymorphisms resulting in amino acid substitutions in these two subunits have been associated with the regulation of blood pressure in an animal model of hypertension. Heterodimers consisting of alpha and gamma subunits have also been described. Structurally, each subunit is comprised of two distinct domains. The amino-terminal region is protease resistant and globular in shape, while the carboxy-terminal region is protease sensitive. The latter contains multiple phosphorylation sites for protein kinase C, the binding site for calmodulin, and is required for association with spectrin and actin. Alternatively spliced transcript variants have been described.</p>
Applications:	ELISA, IHC
Name of antibody:	ADD2
Immunogen:	Fusion protein of human ADD2
Full name:	adducin 2 (beta)
Synonyms :	ADDB
SwissProt:	P35612
ELISA Recommended dilution:	1000-2000
IHC positive control:	Human brain
IHC Recommend dilution:	15-50

