

兔抗 BAX(Ab-167) 多克隆抗体

中文名称: 兔抗 BAX(Ab-167) 多克隆抗体

英文名称: Anti-BAX(Ab-167) rabbit polyclonal antibody

别 名: BCL2L4

相关类别: 一抗

储 存: 冷冻(-20℃) 避光

宿 主: Rabbit

抗 原: BAX(Ab-167)

反应种属: Human Mouse

标记物: Unconjugate

克隆类型: Unconjugate

技术规格

Background:	The protein encoded by this gene belongs to the BCL
	2 protein family. BCL2 family members form hetero- or
	homodimers and act as anti- or pro-apoptotic regulato
	rs that are involved in a wide variety of cellular activiti
	es. This protein forms a heterodimer with BCL2, and fu
	nctions as an apoptotic activator. This protein is report
	ed to interact with, and increase the opening of, the
	mitochondrial voltage-dependent anion channel (VDAC)
	, which leads to the loss in membrane potential and t
	he release of cytochrome c.
Applications:	WB, IF



Name of antibody:	BAX(Ab-167)
Immunogen:	Synthesized non-phosphopeptide derived from human Bax around the phosphorylation site of threonine 167 (F-G-T(p)-P-T).
Full name:	BCL2-associated X protein
Synonyms:	BCL2L4
SwissProt:	Q07812
WB Predicted band size:	21 kDa
WB Positive control:	HepG2 cells lysate
WB Recommended dilution:	500-3000
IF positive control:	LOVO cells
IF Recommend dilution:	100-500





