

## 兔抗 BCL2L13 多克隆抗体

中文名称：兔抗 BCL2L13 多克隆抗体

英文名称：Anti-BCL2L13 rabbit polyclonal antibody

别名：BCL2L13; MIL1; Protein Mil1; BCL-RAMBO; Bcl2-L-13

相关类别：一抗

储存：冷冻（-20℃）避光

宿主：Rabbit

抗原：BCL2L13

反应种属：Human, Mouse, Rat

标记物：Unconjugate

克隆类型：rabbit polyclonal

### 技术规格

#### Background:

Apoptosis is defined as a set of cascades which, when initiated, program the cell to undergo lethal changes such as membrane blebbing, mitochondrial breakdown and DNA fragmentation. The Bcl-2 family of proteins plays a central regulatory role in apoptosis. Bcl-rambo, a member of the Bcl-2 family, localizes to the mitochondria and, like other Bcl-2 family members, contains all four BH domains. Although Bcl-rambo shares structural similarity to other Bcl-2 members, it differs from them in its unique C-terminal region. Bcl-rambo has a 250 amino acid sequence containing two tandem repeats that prece

	eds the membrane anchor region at its C-terminus. Additionally, it is the membrane anchor C-terminal region of Bcl-rambo, not its Bcl-2 homology motifs, that is responsible for its pro-apoptotic activity. Bcl-rambo induces apoptosis when overexpressed and appears to do so by promoting mitochondrial cyto-chrome c release. It may also facilitate the activation of caspase-3.
<b>Applications:</b>	WB
<b>Name of antibody:</b>	BCL2L13
<b>Immunogen:</b>	Fusion protein of human BCL2L13
<b>Full name:</b>	BCL2-like 13 (apoptosis facilitator)
<b>Synonyms :</b>	BCL2L13; MIL1; Protein Mil1; BCL-RAMBO; Bcl2-L-13
<b>SwissProt:</b>	Q9BXX5
<b>WB Predicted band size:</b>	53 kDa
<b>WB Positive control:</b>	Jurkat cells
<b>WB Recommended dilution:</b>	500-2000

