

兔抗 MBD2-b 多克隆抗体

中文名称：兔抗 MBD2-b 多克隆抗体

英文名称： Anti-MBD2-b rabbit polyclonal antibody

别名： methyl-CpG binding domain protein 2; DMTase; NY-CO-41

相关类别： 一抗

储存： 冷冻（-20℃）

宿主： Rabbit

抗原： MBD2-b

反应种属： Human

标记物： Unconjugate

克隆类型： rabbit polyclonal

技术规格

Background:

DNA methylation is the major modification of eukaryotic genomes and plays an essential role in mammalian development. Human proteins MECP2, MBD1, MBD2, MBD3, and MBD4 comprise a family of nuclear proteins related by the presence in each of a methyl-CpG binding domain (MBD). Each of these proteins, with the exception of MBD3, is capable of binding specifically to methylated DNA. MECP2, MBD1 and MBD2 can also repress transcription from methylated gene promoters. The protein encoded by this gene may function as a mediator of the biological consequences of the methylation signal. It

	is also reported that the this protein functions as a de methylase to activate transcription, as DNA methylation causes gene silencing. Two transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene.
Applications:	ELISA, IHC
Name of antibody:	MBD2-b
Immunogen:	Synthetic peptide of human MBD2-b
Full name:	methyl-CpG binding domain protein 2
Synonyms:	DMTase; NY-CO-41
SwissProt:	Q9UBB5
ELISA Recommended dilution:	5000-10000
IHC positive control:	Human colorectal cancer
IHC Recommend dilution:	20-100

