

兔抗 MC1R 多克隆抗体

- 中文名称:兔抗 MC1R 多克隆抗体
- 英文名称: Anti-MC1R rabbit polyclonal antibody
- 别名: CMM5, MSH-R, SHEP2
- 相关类别: 一抗
- 储存: 冷冻(-20℃)
- 宿 主: Rabbit
- 抗 原: MC1R
- 反应种属: Human, Mouse
- 标记物: Unconjugate
- 克隆类型: rabbit polyclonal

技术规格

	This intronless gene encodes the receptor protein for melan ocyte-stimulating hormone (MSH). The encoded protein, a se ven pass transmembrane G protein coupled receptor, control s melanogenesis. Two types of melanin exist: red pheomelani
Background:	n and black eumelanin. Gene mutations that lead to a loss i n function are associated with increased pheomelanin produc
	tion, which leads to lighter skin and hair color. Eumelanin is
	photoprotective but pheomelanin may contribute to UV-indu
	ced skin damage by generating free radicals upon UV radiati
	on. Binding of MSH to its receptor activates the receptor an d stimulates eumelanin synthesis. This receptor is a major de



	termining factor in sun sensitivity and is a genetic risk factor for melanoma and non-melanoma skin cancer. Over 30 varia nt alleles have been identified which correlate with skin and hair color, providing evidence that this gene is an important component in determining normal human pigment variation.
Applications:	ELISA, IHC
Name of antibody:	MC1R
Immunogen:	Synthetic peptide of human MC1R
Full name:	melanocortin 1 receptor (alpha melanocyte stimulating horm one receptor)
Synonyms:	CMM5, MSH-R, SHEP2
SwissProt:	Q01726
IHC positive control:	Human colon cancer and human gastric cancer
IHC Recommend dilution:	50-200

