

## DTX3L 抗原（重组蛋白）

中文名称：DTX3L 抗原（重组蛋白）

英文名称：DTX3L Antigen (Recombinant Protein)

储存：冷冻（-20℃）

相关类别：抗原

概述

Fusion protein corresponding to a region derived from 441-740 amino acids of human DTX3L

技术规格

<b>Full name:</b>	deltex E3 ubiquitin ligase 3L
<b>Synonyms:</b>	BBAP
<b>Swissprot:</b>	Q8TDB6
<b>Gene Accession:</b>	BC042191
<b>Purity:</b>	>85%, as determined by Coomassie blue stained SDS-PAGE
<b>Expression system:</b>	Escherichia coli
<b>Tags:</b>	His tag C-Terminus, GST tag N-Terminus
<b>Background:</b>	The Deltex family is responsible for influencing Notch signaling and may regulate transcription through interactions with specific transcription factors. Deltex proteins have a basic N-terminus, a central proline-rich region and a C-terminal RING-type zinc finger domain, a motif often found in ubiquitin-protein isopeptide ligases (E3). The RING-type zinc finger domain binds two Zn <sup>2+</sup> atoms and forms a cross-brace motif that is essential for many proteins involved in the ubiquitination pathway. DTX3L (Deltex-3-like), also known as BBAP, is a 740 amino acid protein that is similar to Deltex-3 and acts as a ubiquitin ligase in vitro. DTX3L can heterodimerize with Deltex-1, a transcriptional reg

ulator, thereby enhancing the activity of the E3 ubiquitin ligase complex and increasing the influence of E3 on the Notch signaling pathway.