

兔抗 METAP1D 多克隆抗体

中文名称：兔抗 METAP1D 多克隆抗体

英文名称：Anti-METAP1D rabbit polyclonal antibody

别名：MAP1D; MAP 1D; Metap1l; MetAP 1D

储存：冷冻 (-20℃)

抗原：METAP1D

宿主：Rabbit

反应种属：Human, Mouse

相关类别：一抗

标记物：Unconjugate

克隆类型：rabbit polyclonal

技术规格

Background:	The N-terminal methionine excision pathway is an essential process in which the N-terminal methionine is removed from many proteins, thus facilitating subsequent protein modification. In mitochondria, enzymes that catalyze this reaction are called methionine aminopeptidases (MetAps, or MAPs; EC 3.4.11.18) (Serero et al., 2003 [PubMed 14532271]).
Applications:	ELISA, WB, IHC
Name of antibody:	METAP1D
Immunogen:	Fusion protein of human METAP1D
Full name:	methionyl aminopeptidase type 1D (mitochondrial)
Synonyms:	METAP1D; MAP 1D; Metap1l; MetAP 1D

SwissProt:	Q6UB28
ELISA Recommended dilution:	5000-10000
IHC positive control:	Human brain and human lung cancer
IHC Recommend dilution:	40-200
WB Predicted band size:	37 kDa
WB Positive control:	K562 and 293T cell lysates
WB Recommended dilution:	500-2000



