

FAS 抗原(重组蛋白)

中文名称: FAS 抗原(重组蛋白)

英文名称: FAS Antigen (Recombinant Protein)

储 存: 冷冻(-20℃)

相关类别: 抗原

概述

Fusion protein corresponding to a region derived from 156-335 amino acids of human FAS

技术规格

Full name:	Fas cell surface death receptor
Synonyms:	APT1; CD95; FAS1; APO-1; FASTM; ALPS1A; TNFRSF6
Swissprot:	P25445
Gene Accession:	BC012479
Purity:	>85%, as determined by Coomassie blue stained SDS-PAGE
Expression system:	Escherichia coli
Tags:	His tag C-Terminus, GST tag N-Terminus
Background:	The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the TNF-recept or superfamily. This receptor contains a death domain. It has been shown to play a central role in the physiological regulation of programmed cell death, and has been implicated in the pathogen esis of various malignancies and diseases of the immune system. The interaction of this receptor with its ligand allows the formation of a death-inducing signaling complex that includes Fas-associated death domain protein (FADD), caspase 8, and caspase 10. The autoproteolytic processing of the caspases in the complex triggers a downstream caspase cascade, and leads to apoptosis. This rece



ptor has been also shown to activate NF-kappaB, MAPK3/ERK1, a nd MAPK8/JNK, and is found to be involved in transducing the p roliferating signals in normal diploid fibroblast and T cells. Several alternatively spliced transcript variants have been described, some of which are candidates for nonsense-mediated mRNA decay (NM D). The isoforms lacking the transmembrane domain may negative ly regulate the apoptosis mediated by the full length isoform.