

兔抗 MRPL10 多克隆抗体

中文名称: 兔抗 MRPL10 多克隆抗体

英文名称: Anti-MRPL10 rabbit polyclonal antibody

别名: L10MT; MRPL8; RPML8; MRP-L8; MRP-L10

储 存: 冷冻(-20℃) 避光

抗原: MRPL10

宿 主: Rabbit

反应种属: Human

相关类别: 一抗

标记物: Unconjugate

克隆类型: Unconjugate

技术规格

Background:

Mammalian mitochondrial ribosomal proteins are encoded by nuclear genes and help in protein synthesis within the mitochondrion. Mitochondrial ribosomes (mitoribosomes) c onsist of a small 28S subunit and a large 39S subunit. The y have an estimated 75% protein to rRNA composition co mpared to prokaryotic ribosomes, where this ratio is revers ed. Another difference between mammalian mitoribosomes and prokaryotic ribosomes is that the latter contain a 5S r RNA. Among different species, the proteins comprising the mitoribosome differ greatly in sequence, and sometimes in biochemical properties, which prevents easy recognition by



	sequence homology. This gene encodes a 39S subunit prot ein. Sequence analysis identified three transcript variants th at encode two different isoforms. A pseudogene correspon ding to this gene is found on chromosome 5q.
Applications:	WB
Name of antibody:	MRPL10
Immunogen:	Synthesized peptide derived from internal of human MRPL 10.
Full name:	mitochondrial ribosomal protein L10
Synonyms:	L10MT; MRPL8; RPML8; MRP-L8; MRP-L10
SwissProt:	Q7Z7H8
WB Predicted band size:	29 kDa
WB Positive control:	HepG2 cells, COLO cells and 293 cells lysates
WB Recommended dilution:	500-3000

