

兔抗 RARB 多克隆抗体

中文名称：兔抗 RARB 多克隆抗体

英文名称：Anti-RARB rabbit polyclonal antibody

别名：HAP; RRB2; NR1B2

相关类别：一抗

抗原：RARβ

储存：冷冻（-20℃）

宿主：Rabbit

反应种属：Human, Mouse

标记物：Unconjugate

克隆类型：rabbit polyclonal

技术规格

Background:

This gene encodes retinoic acid receptor beta, a member of the thyroid-steroid hormone receptor super family of nuclear transcriptional regulators. This receptor localizes to the cytoplasm and to subnuclear compartments. It binds retinoic acid, the biologically active form of vitamin A which mediates cellular signaling in embryonic morphogenesis, cell growth and differentiation. It is thought that this protein limits growth of many cell types by regulating gene expression. The gene was first identified in a hepatocellular carcinoma where it flanks a hepatitis B virus int

	egration site. The gene expresses at least two transcript variants; one additional transcript has been described, but its full length nature has not been determined.
Applications:	ELISA, WB
Name of antibody:	RARB
Immunogen:	Fusion protein of human RARB
Full name:	retinoic acid receptor, beta
Synonyms :	HAP; RRB2; NR1B2
SwissProt:	P10826
ELISA Recommended dilution:	1000-2000
WB Predicted band size:	50 kDa
WB Positive control:	K562 cells and human normal liver tissue
WB Recommended dilution:	200-1000

