

兔抗 NR1H2 多克隆抗体

中文名称：兔抗 NR1H2 多克隆抗体

英文名称：Anti-NR1H2 rabbit polyclonal antibody

别名：nuclear receptor subfamily 1 group H member 2; NER; UNR; LXRB; LXR-b; NER-I; RIP15

相关类别：一抗

储存：冷冻 (-20℃)

宿主：Rabbit

抗原：NR1H2

反应种属：Human, Mouse, Rat

标记物：Unconjugate

克隆类型：rabbit polyclonal

技术规格

Background:

The liver X receptors, LXRA (NR1H3; MIM 602423) and LXRB, form a subfamily of the nuclear receptor superfamily and are key regulators of macrophage function, controlling transcriptional programs involved in lipid homeostasis and inflammation. The inducible LXRA is highly expressed in liver, adrenal gland, intestine, adipose tissue, macrophages, lung, and kidney, whereas LXRB is ubiquitously expressed. Ligand-activated LXRs form obligate heterodimers with retinoid X receptors (RXRs; see MIM 180245) and regulate expression of target genes containing LXR response elements (summary by Korf et al., 2009 [PubMed 19436111]).

Applications:	ELISA, IHC
Name of antibody:	NR1H2
Immunogen:	Fusion protein of human NR1H2
Full name:	nuclear receptor subfamily 1 group H member 2
Synonyms:	NER; UNR; LXRB; LXR-b; NER-I; RIP15
SwissProt:	P55055
ELISA Recommended dilution:	5000-10000
IHC positive control:	Human thyroid cancer
IHC Recommend dilution:	150-300

