

兔抗 IL23A 多克隆抗体

中文名称：兔抗 IL23A 多克隆抗体

英文名称：Anti-IL23A rabbit polyclonal antibody

别名：interleukin 23 subunit alpha; P19; SGRF; IL-23; IL-23A; IL23P19

相关类别：一抗

储存：冷冻（-20℃）

宿主：Rabbit

抗原：IL23A

反应种属：Human

标记物：Unconjugate

克隆类型：rabbit polyclonal

技术规格

Background:	This gene encodes a subunit of the heterodimeric cytokine interleukin 23 (IL23). IL23 is composed of this protein and the p40 subunit of interleukin 12 (IL12B). The receptor of IL23 is formed by the beta 1 subunit of IL12 (IL12RB1) and an IL23 specific subunit, IL23R. Both IL23 and IL12 can activate the transcription activator STAT4, and stimulate the production of interferon-gamma (IFNG). In contrast to IL12, which acts mainly on naive CD4(+) T cells, IL23 preferentially acts on memory CD4(+) T cells.
Applications:	ELISA, WB, IHC
Name of antibody:	IL23A

Immunogen:	Synthetic peptide of human IL23A
Full name:	interleukin 23 subunit alpha
Synonyms:	P19; SGRF; IL-23; IL-23A; IL23P19
SwissProt:	Q9NPF7
ELISA Recommended dilution:	5000-10000
IHC positive control:	Human liver cancer
IHC Recommend dilution :	25-100
WB Predicted band size:	21 kDa
WB Positive control:	Jurkat cell lysate
WB Recommended dilution:	200-1000



