

兔抗 INAVA 多克隆抗体

中文名称: 兔抗 INAVA 多克隆抗体

英文名称: Anti-INAVA rabbit polyclonal antibody

别名: innate immunity activator; C1orf106

相关类别: 一抗

储存: 冷冻 (-20℃)

宿主: Rabbit

抗原: INAVA

反应种属: Human, Mouse

标记物: Unconjugate

克隆类型: rabbit polyclonal

技术规格

Background:

Expressed in peripheral macrophages and intestinal myeloid-derived cells, is required for optimal PRR (pattern recognition receptor)-induced signaling, cytokine secretion, and bacterial clearance. Upon stimulation of a broad range of PRRs (pattern recognition receptor) such as NOD2 or TLR2, TLR3, TLR4, TLR5, TLR7 and TLR9, associates with YWHAQ/14-3-3T, which in turn leads to the recruitment and activation of MAP kinases and NF-kappa-B signaling complexes that amplifies PRR-induced downstream signals and cytokine secretion (PubMed:28436939). In the intestine, regulates adherens junction stability by regulating the degradation of CYTH1 and CYTH2, probabl

	y acting as substrate cofactor for SCF E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase complexes. Stabilizes adherens junctions by limiting CYTH1-dependent ARF6 activation (PubMed:29420262).
Applications:	ELISA, IHC
Name of antibody:	INAVA
Immunogen:	Fusion protein of human INAVA
Full name:	innate immunity activator
Synonyms:	C1orf106
SwissProt:	Q3KP66
IHC positive control:	Human liver cancer
IHC Recommend dilution:	50-300

