

兔抗 PGR (Phospho-Ser190)多克隆抗体

中文名称: 兔抗 PGR (Phospho-Ser190)多克隆抗体

英文名称: Anti-PGR (Phospho-Ser190) rabbit polyclonal antibody

别 名: NR3C3; PGR; PRGR

相关类别: 一抗

储 存: 冷冻(-20℃) 避光

宿 主: Rabbit

抗 原: PGR (Phospho-Ser190)

反应种属: Human, Mouse, Rat

标 记 物: Unconjugate

克隆类型: rabbit polyclonal

技术规格

Background:

Progesterone receptors (PRs) are nuclear hormone receptors of the NR3C class, which also includes mineralocorticoid,glu cocorticoid and androgen receptors. They exist as homodim ers coupled to Hsp90 or HMGB proteins, which are shed up on activation. The major signaling pathway used by progest erone receptors is via direct DNA binding and transcriptiona I regulation of target genes. They can also signal by bindin g to other proteins, mainly with transcription factors such a s NF-kappaB, AP-1 or STAT. Progesterone receptors are found in the female reproductive tract, mammary glands, brain and pituitary gland and receptor expression is induced by e



	strogen. Well established functions of progesterone receptor s include ovulation, implantation, mammary gland developm ent and maintenance of pregnancy. In addition,progesterone, signaling through the progesterone receptor, increases the ventilatory response of the respiratory centers to carbon dio xide and decreases arterial and alveolar PCO2 in the luteal phase of the menstrual cycle and during pregnancy. The human gene encoding the progesterone receptor has been localized to 11q22.
Applications:	WB, IHC, IF
Name of antibody:	PGR (Phospho-Ser190)
Immunogen:	Synthetic peptide of human PGR (Phospho-Ser190)
Full name:	progesterone receptor (Phospho-Ser190)
Synonyms :	NR3C3; PGR; PRGR
SwissProt:	P06401
IHC positive control:	Human breast carcinoma
IHC Recommend dilution:	50-100
WB Predicted band size:	99 kDa
WB Positive control:	SKOV3 cells treated with EGF
WB Recommended dilution:	500-1000
IF Positive control:	MCF cells
IF Recommended dilution	100-200









