

兔抗 KCNN1 多克隆抗体

中文名称: 兔抗 KCNN1 多克隆抗体

英文名称: Anti-KCNN1 rabbit polyclonal antibody

别 名: potassium calcium-activated channel subfamily N member 1; SK1; hSK1; SKCA1;

KCa2.1

相关类别: 一抗

储 存: 冷冻(-20℃)

宿 主: Rabbit

抗原: KCNN1

反应种属: Human, Mouse, Rat

标记物: Unconjugate

克隆类型: rabbit polyclonal

技术规格

Background:

n of the neuron. Each component of the AHP is kinetically distinct and is mediated by different calcium-activated potassium channels. The protein encoded by this gene is activated by

m channels. The protein encoded by this gene is activated before membrane hyperpolarization and is thought to regulate neuronal excitability by contributing to the slow component

Action potentials in vertebrate neurons are followed by an af terhyperpolarization (AHP) that may persist for several second s and may have profound consequences for the firing patter

of synaptic AHP. The encoded protein is an integral membra



	ne protein that forms a voltage-independent calcium-activate d channel with three other calmodulin-binding subunits. This gene is a member of the KCNN family of potassium channel genes.
Applications:	ELISA, IHC
Name of antibody:	KCNN1
Immunogen:	Synthetic peptide of human KCNN1
Full name:	potassium calcium-activated channel subfamily N member 1
Synonyms:	SK1; hSK1; SKCA1; KCa2.1
SwissProt:	Q92952
ELISA Recommended diluti on:	5000-10000
IHC positive control:	Human liver cancer and Human cervical cancer
IHC Recommend dilution:	50-300





