

兔抗 KDM1A 多克隆抗体

中文名称: 兔抗 KDM1A 多克隆抗体

英文名称: Anti-KDM1A rabbit polyclonal antibody

别 名: KDM1; AOF2; BHC110; KIAA0601; LSD1; KDM1A

相关类别: 一抗

储 存: 冷冻(-20℃) 避光

宿 主: Rabbit

抗 原: KDM1A

反应种属: Human, Mouse, Rat

标 记 物: Unconjugate

克隆类型: rabbit polyclonal

技术规格

Background:

Lysine-specific demethylase 1 (LSD1; also known as AOF2 a nd BHC110) is a nuclear amine oxidase homolog that acts as a histone demethylase and transcription cofactor. Gene activation and repression is specifically regulated by the me thylation state of distinct histone protein lysine residues. Fo r example, methylation of histone H3 at Lys4 facilitates tra nscriptional activation by coordinating the recruitment of B PTF, a component of the NURF chromatin remodeling com plex, and WDR5, a component of multiple histone methyltr ansferase complexes. In contrast, methylation of histone H3



	at Lys9 facilitates transcriptional repression by recruiting HP 1. LSD1 is a component of the CoREST transcriptional co-re pressor complex that also contains CoREST, CtBP, HDAC1 a nd HDAC2. As part of this complex, LSD1 demethylates mo no-methyl and di-methyl histone H3 at Lys4 through a FA D-dependent oxidation reaction to facilitate neuronal-specific gene repression in non-neuronal cells. In contrast, LSD1 a ssociates with androgen receptor in human prostate cells to demethylate mono-methyl and di-methyl histone H3 at Lys9 and facilitate androgen receptor-dependent transcriptional activation. Therefore, depending on gene context LSD1 can function as either a transcriptional co-repressor or co-a ctivator. LSD1 activity is inhibited by the amine oxidase inhibitors pargyline, deprenyl, clorgyline and tranylcypromine.
Applications:	WB
Name of antibody:	KDM1A
Immunogen:	Fusion protein of human KDM1A
Full name:	lysine (K)-specific demethylase 1A
Synonyms :	KDM1; AOF2; BHC110; KIAA0601; LSD1; KDM1A
SwissProt:	O60341
WB Predicted band size:	95 kDa
WB Positive control:	SW480 and PC-3 cells
WB Recommended dilution:	500-2000



