

## 兔抗 PPARA 多克隆抗体

- 中文名称: 兔抗 PPARA 多克隆抗体
- 英文名称: Anti-PPARA rabbit polyclonal antibody
- 别名: PPAR, NR1C1, hPPAR, PPARalpha
- 相关类别: 一抗
- 储 存: 冷冻 (-20℃)
- 宿 主: Rabbit
- 抗 原: PPARA
- 反应种属: Human, Mouse, Rat
- 标记物: Unconjugate
- 克隆类型: rabbit polyclonal

## 技术规格

Background:	Peroxisome proliferators include hypolipidemic drugs, her bicides, leukotriene antagonists, and plasticizers; this term arises because they induce an increase in the size and n umber of peroxisomes. Peroxisomes are subcellular organ elles found in plants and animals that contain enzymes f or respiration and for cholesterol and lipid metabolism. T he action of peroxisome proliferators is thought to be m ediated via specific receptors, called PPARs, which belong
	to the steroid hormone receptor superfamily. PPARs affec t the expression of target genes involved in cell prolifera tion, cell differentiation and in immune and inflammation



	responses. Three closely related subtypes (alpha, beta/del ta, and gamma) have been identified. This gene encodes the subtype PPAR-alpha, which is a nuclear transcription factor. Multiple alternatively spliced transcript variants hav e been described for this gene, although the full-length nature of only two has been determined.
Applications:	ELISA, WB, IHC
Name of antibody:	PPARA
Immunogen:	Synthetic peptide of human PPARA
Full name:	peroxisome proliferator activated receptor alpha
Synonyms:	PPAR; NR1C1; hPPAR; PPARalpha
SwissProt:	Q07869
ELISA Recommended dilution:	5000-10000
IHC positive control:	Human lung cancer
IHC Recommend dilution:	25-100
WB Predicted band size:	52 kDa
WB Positive control:	Rat heart tissue lysate
WB Recommended dilution:	200-1000





