

兔抗 ZNF143 多克隆抗体

- 中文名称: 兔抗 ZNF143 多克隆抗体
- 英文名称: Anti-ZNF143 rabbit polyclonal antibody
- 级别: SBF; STAF; pHZ-1
- 储 存: 冷冻 (-20℃)
- 宿 主: Rabbit
- 抗 原: ZNF143
- 相关类别: 一抗
- 反应种属: Human, Mouse, Rat
- 标记物: Unconjugate
- 克隆类型: rabbit polyclonal

技术规格

	ZNF143 (zinc finger protein 143), also known as SBF, S
	TAF or pHZ-1, is a 626 amino acid protein that contain
	TAP of priz-1, is a ozo anniho aciu protein that contain
	s seven C2H2-type zinc fingers and belongs to the GLI
	(glioma-associated oncogene) C2H2-type zinc-finger fa
	mily. Localized to the nucleus and expressed ubiquitous
Background:	ly with highest expression in ovaries, ZNF143 functions
	as a transcriptional activator that, via its C2H2-type zin
	c domains, binds to the SPH motif found in the promo
	tors of small nuclear RNAs (snRNA). Through its ability
	to bind the promotors of various snRNA genes, ZNF14
	3 controls the subsequent expression of the correspon



	ding protein products. ZNF143 expression is induced u pon DNA damage, suggesting an important role for Z NF143 in DNA repair events.
Applications:	ELISA, IHC
Name of antibody:	ZNF143
Immunogen:	Synthetic peptide of human ZNF143
Full name:	zinc finger protein 143
Synonyms:	SBF; STAF; pHZ-1
SwissProt:	P52747
ELISA Recommended dilution:	5000-10000
IHC positive control:	Human colorectal cancer
IHC Recommend dilution:	10-50





