

兔抗 LAMA1 多克隆抗体

- 中文名称：兔抗 LAMA1 多克隆抗体
- 英文名称：Anti-LAMA1 rabbit polyclonal antibody
- 别名：LAMA, S-LAM-alpha
- 相关类别：一抗
- 储存：冷冻（-20℃）
- 宿主：Rabbit
- 抗原：LAMA1
- 反应种属：Human
- 标记物：Unconjugate
- 克隆类型：rabbit polyclonal

技术规格

Background:

Laminin subunit alpha-1 is a protein that in humans is encoded by the LAMA1 gene. Laminin is a complex glycoprotein, consisting of three different polypeptide chains (alpha, beta, gamma), which are bound to each other by disulfide bonds into a cross-shaped molecule comprising one long and three short arms with globules at each end. Alpha-1 is a subunit of laminin-1 (laminin-111 or EHS laminin) and laminin-3 (laminin-121 or S-laminin). Binding to cells via a high affinity receptor, laminin is thought to mediate the attachment, migration and organization of cells into tissues during embryonic development by interacting with other extracellular matrix

	components.
Applications:	ELISA, IHC
Name of antibody:	LAMA1
Immunogen:	Synthetic peptide of human LAMA1
Full name:	laminin, alpha 1
Synonyms :	LAMA, S-LAM-alpha
SwissProt:	P25391
ELISA Recommended dilution:	1000-5000
IHC positive control:	Human brain and Human colon cancer
IHC Recommend dilution:	50-200

