

兔抗 LRRC23 多克隆抗体

中文名称：兔抗 LRRC23 多克隆抗体

英文名称：Anti-LRRC23 rabbit polyclonal antibody

别名：LRPB7

相关类别：一抗

储存：冷冻（-20℃）

宿主：Rabbit

抗原：LRRC23

反应种属：Human

标记物：Unconjugate

克隆类型：rabbit polyclonal

技术规格

Background:

The leucine-rich (LRR) repeat is a 20-30 amino acid motif that forms a hydrophobic β horseshoe fold, allowing it to accommodate several leucine residues within a tightly packed core. All LRR repeats contain a variable segment and a highly conserved segment, the latter of which accounts for 11 or 12 residues of the entire LRR motif. The primary function of these motifs is to provide a versatile structural framework to mediate the formation of protein-protein interactions. LRRs are present in a variety of proteins with diverse structure and function, including innate immunity and nervous system dev

	elopment. Several human diseases are associated with mutations in genes encoding LRR-containing proteins. LRRC23 (leucine-rich repeat-containing protein 23), also known as leucine-rich protein B7, is a 343 amino acid protein that contains eight LRR (leucine-rich) repeats and one LRRCT domain. LRRC23 exists as two alternatively spliced isoforms and is encoded by a gene mapping to chromosome 12.
Applications:	ELISA, IHC
Name of antibody:	LRRC23
Immunogen:	Synthetic peptide of human LRRC23
Full name:	leucine rich repeat containing 23
Synonyms:	LRPB7
SwissProt:	Q53EV4
ELISA Recommended dilution:	5000-10000
IHC positive control:	Human thyroid cancer and human esophagus cancer
IHC Recommend dilution:	25-100



