

兔抗 CCDC181 多克隆抗体

中文名称: 兔抗 CCDC181 多克隆抗体

英文名称: Anti-CCDC181 rabbit polyclonal antibody

别 名: C1orf114

储 存: 冷冻 (-20℃)

抗 原: CCDC181

宿 主: Rabbit

相关类别: 一抗

反应种属: Human

标 记 物: Unconjugate

克隆类型: rabbit polyclonal

技术规格

Background:

CCDC181, also known as C1orf114, chromosome 1 is the largest human chromosome spanning about 260 million base pairs and making up 8% of the human genome. There are about 3,000 genes on chromosom e 1, and considering the great number of genes ther e are also a large number of diseases associated with chromosome 1. Notably, the rare aging disease Hutch inson-Gilford progeria is associated with the LMNA g ene which encodes lamin A. When defective, the LM NA gene product can build up in the nucleus and ca use characteristic nuclear blebs. The mechanism of ra pidly enhanced aging is unclear and is a topic of con



	tinuing exploration. The MUTYH gene is located on c hromosome 1 and is partially responsible for familial adenomatous polyposis. Stickler syndrome, Parkinsons, Gaucher disease and Usher syndrome are also associa ted with chromosome 1. A breakpoint has been ident ified in 1q which disrupts the DISC1 gene and is link ed to schizophrenia. Aberrations in chromosome 1 ar e found in a variety of cancers including head and n eck cancer, malignant melanoma and multiple myelo ma. The C1orf114 gene product has been provisionall y designated C1orf114 pending further characterizatio n.
Applications:	ELISA, IHC
Name of antibody:	CCDC181
Immunogen:	Fusion protein of human CCDC181
Full name:	coiled-coil domain containing 181
Synonyms:	C1orf114
SwissProt:	Q5TID7
ELISA Recommended dilution:	5000-10000
IHC positive control:	Human lung cancer and human esophagus cancer
IHC Recommend dilution:	40-200





