

兔抗 CCL17 多克隆抗体

中文名称：兔抗 CCL17 多克隆抗体

英文名称：Anti-CCL17 rabbit polyclonal antibody

别名：TARC, ABCD-2, SCYA17, A-152E5.3

相关类别：一抗

储存：冷冻（-20℃）

宿主：Rabbit

抗原：CCL17

反应种属：Human, Mouse

标记物：Unconjugate

克隆类型：rabbit polyclonal

技术规格

Background:	This antimicrobial gene is one of several Cys-Cys (CC) cytokine genes clustered on the q arm of chromosome 16. Cytokines are a family of secreted proteins involved in immunoregulatory and inflammatory processes. The CC cytokines are proteins characterized by two adjacent cysteines. The cytokine encoded by this gene displays chemotactic activity for T lymphocytes, but not monocytes or granulocytes. The product of this gene binds to chemokine receptors CCR4 and CCR8. This chemokine plays important roles in T cell development in thymus as well as in trafficking and activation of mature T cells.
Applications:	ELISA, WB, IHC
Name of antibody:	CCL17
Immunogen:	Synthetic peptide of human CCL17

Full name:	C-C motif chemokine ligand 17
Synonyms:	TARC; ABCD-2; SCYA17; A-152E5.3
SwissProt:	Q92583
ELISA Recommended dilution:	5000-10000
IHC positive control:	Human liver cancer
IHC Recommend dilution:	50-200
WB Predicted band size:	11 kDa
WB Positive control:	HepG2 cell, 293T cell, Human cerebrum tissue, Mouse kidney tissue lysates
WB Recommended dilution:	500-2000



